Problem H. Path Killer

Input file:	standard input
Output file:	standard output
Time limit:	2 seconds
Memory limit:	256 megabytes

MainKing has a rooted tree with n nodes, and m paths on it. And the root of this tree is 1.

The endpoints of the i-th path are a_i, b_i. All of these paths satisfy a special condition: a_i is on the path from b_i to the root.

Now MianKing wants to delete all of these paths. He will do the following operation until all of the paths are deleted: choose an integer x from $[1, n]$ randomly and delete all of the paths where x is on.

MianKing wants you to calculate the expected number of operations he need to do.

It's guaranteed that the answer will converge to some rational number.

If the answer is irreducible fraction $\frac{x}{y}$, you need to output an integer d in $[0, 998244352]$ which satisfies $d \times y \ mod \ 998244353 = x \ mod \ 998244353$. It's guaranteed that $y \ mod \ 998244353 \neq 0$

Input

The first line has two integers n, m.

The second line has $n - 1$ integers, the i-th integer denotes the father node of node $i + 1$

Then there are m lines, the i-th line has two integers a_i, b_i.

$1 \leq n, m \leq 300$

Let fa_i denote the father node of node i. Then $0 < fa_i < i$ for $i \in [2, n]$

$1 \leq a_i \leq b_i \leq n$. It's guaranteed that a_i is on the path from b_i to the root.

Output

Output the answer.

Example

standard input	standard output
3 3 1 1 1 2 3 3 1 1	499122181